



# Role of the Warning Coordination Meteorologist (WCM)

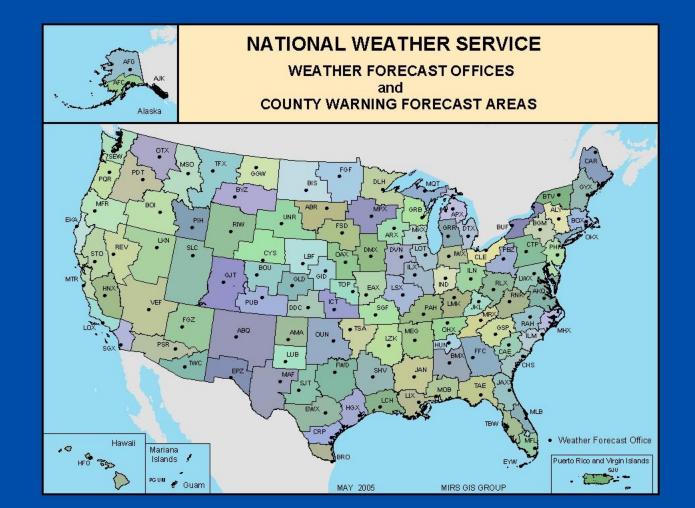
*Robert Molleda U.S. National Weather Service Miami/South Florida Forecast Office* 



## **U.S. National Weather Service**

122 local weather forecast offices 9 National Centers- 3 with WCMs







## U.S. National Weather Service Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs)



- Issue all Local Forecasts and Warnings
- Build and Maintain Relationships with key partners



- Coordinate and Provide Expert Decision
   Support to Emergency Operations Centers and other key partners
- Solicit Customer Feedback on Products and Services
- Conduct Community Awareness and Education Programs
- Train Volunteer Observers and Storm Spotters

#### Warning Coordination Meteorologist serves as the primary interface between WFO and Customers





### It is said that the WCM wears several hats









- Primary interface between WFO and core community partners (emergency managers/public safety officials and media)
- Product Evaluation: seeks and implements partner feedback on improvements and additions to products and services

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Verification of the National Hurricane Center's Experimental Probabilistic Tropical Cyclone Genesis Forecasts









- Organizes and conducts yearly partner training/meetings such as Integrated Warning Team workshops and takes part in local and state exercises
- Attends and represents NWS at partner-organized meetings to better understand partner and community needs, and apply those to NWS products and services











- Conducts and arranges media interviews on high-impact weather events
- Press conferences for seasonal outlooks









- Responsible for planning, coordinating, and carrying out the public weather awareness and preparedness program
  - Educate the public to ensure the mitigation of death, injury and property damage or loss caused by meteorological events







- Yearly hurricane/severe weather expos
- Being accessible to community-at-large

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- Office tours/open house
- Speaking to business and civic groups, and schools







# WRN Ambassador



# AMBASSADOR WEATHER-READY NATION<sup>TM</sup>







#### **Weather-Ready Nation**



Over 7,000 WRN Ambassadors in the U.S., almost 90 in South Florida alone

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# WCM Job Description/Duties

Local Weather Forecast Office (WFO)

Coordinates preparedness program with government officials and media

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 Works with media and emergency managers to ensure that preparedness message is consistent and plans are in place *well before a weather threat*

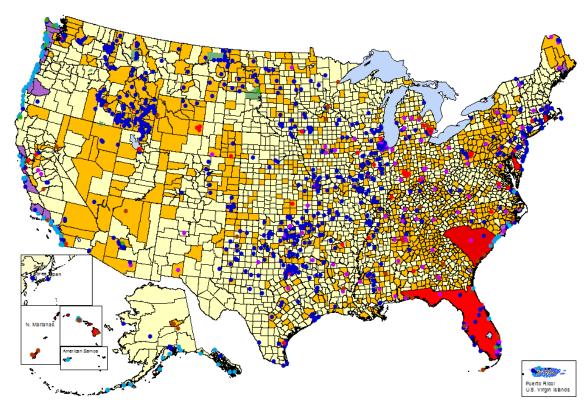








- Communities must meet basic guidelines for receiving and disseminating alerts as well as 24-hour monitoring
- Perform at least 4 safety talks per year
- Maintain hazardous weather operations plan, record of storm spotters and participate yearly in weather-related exercises
- Must Be Renewed Every 3 Years







 Works with government agencies and other key partners to develop plans for promoting more effective use of NWS products and services







- Conduct storm spotter training classes year-round
- Several hundred new spotters trained every year in South Florida alone









Serves as Senior Forecaster

Performs full range of responsibilities of that position
Serves in this role about 25% of the time

- Act as acting branch/office chief
  - full range of administrative duties





Service Coordinator

# Coordinates with partners on the provision of **impact** decision support





# Impact Decision Support Services



 Provide direct and specific weather-based and/or event-based weather support to government officials either on-site at a command post or remotely from NWS office

Coordinator

- Focus on providing an expectation of impacts that could affect a large public event or a community's preparation in advance of severe weather
- Examples: severe weather/tropical cyclone events, festivals, sporting events







# Impact Decision Support Services

PROVINCE COMMERCE

 What IS Impact Decision Support Services?

Coordinator

- A. Provision of forecast advice and interpretative services to help core partners, such as emergency personnel and public safety officials, make decisions when weather, water and climate impacts lives and livelihood
- B. Providing specific temperature and wind information to a private event organizer





Service Coordinator

# Coordinates with partners on the provision of **impact** decision support

MIAM	DADE
COUNTY	
EMERGENCY	MANAGEMENT



AL WEATHER

SUMMARY OF CURRENT SITUATION AND ACTIONS

- The National Weather Service (NWS) Miami issued a Flash Flood Warning for Miami-Dade County on August 1<sup>st</sup> at 1547 hours until 1745 hours. It was extended until 2145 for east-central Miami-Dade.
- The Miami-Dade Office of Emergency Management (OEM) deployed personnel to assist Miami Beach with conducting a damage assessment.

Damages from Miami Beach

- Residential
- 16 no damages no flooding inside of the structures
- 6 affected minimal flooding inside of structure

#### Commercial

August 3, 2017

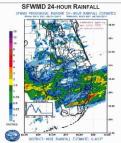
- 8 no damages water did not go inside of structure
- 12 affected minimal flooding inside of the structure
- One business had up to 3" of water
- Two apt buildings reported up to 6" of water in the lobby with water in the elevator pit
- One business reported damage to wood floor but had insurance and previous claims
- Miami Beach Convention Center reported damages
- The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity activated the Business Damage Assessment Survey to document damages to the business community. The survey is available at: <u>http://flvbecc.org/index.php?action=bda</u>

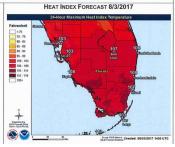
#### Florida Department of Economic Opportunity Damage Survey

4 businesses from the City of Miami have filed Business Damage Assessment Surveys with the State. Reporting they would need up to \$100,000 in assistance. (the lowest option is a range from \$1,000 to \$100,000)

 A heat advisory is in effect until 1900 hours for all areas of Miami-Dade. Heat indices may reach temperatures near 110 degrees and up to 105 degrees into the weekend and early next week. The OEM Duty Officer is monitoring.

DEM will continue to monitor the weather forecasts and provide additional notifications as conditions warrant. For forecast information, specific to your area please visit: <u>http://www.weather.gov/mfl</u>









 Coordinates and performs NWS post-storm surveys to assess damage and rate the intensity and effects of a storm

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 Normally done for tornado events but can also be done for flooding and hurricanes







# NHC WCM

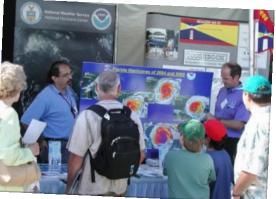


- Conducts a tropical cyclone preparedness program
  - Identifies preparedness objectives and projects to meet them
  - Reviews NHC warning efforts and determines adequacy of NHC preparedness activities
  - Coordinates with NWS WCMs to ensure uniformity of effort, collaboration, and compatibility
  - Interacts with NCEP, and regional and NWS headquarters on TC preparedness activities
- Conducts a marine preparedness program
  - Coordinates NHC interactions with marine customers
  - Serves as a liaison between NHC TAFB and the marine user community

#### **Tropical Cyclones**









# Key Tasks of NHC WCM



- Works with FEMA Emergency Management Institute (EMI) to conduct 3-one week EM training courses on hurricane preparedness and evacuation decision making
- Develops NHC outreach and training agenda for National Hurricane Conference
- Coordinates NHC participation at state EM or hurricane conferences



		THE REAL PORT	HURSDAY, APRIL 21, 2011	2010
	1 8:30 am to 10:00 am			
A		10:30 am to 12:00 pm	3	
~	Mitigation WS Get More for Your Money: Make the Newly-	Mitigation WS	1:30 pm to 3:00 pm	3:30 pm to 5:00 pm
	Revised 406 Hazard Mitigation Policy Work for	Integrating Hazard Mitigation and Comprehensive Planning for a Resilient	Mitigation/Recovery WS Encouraging Personal Hazard Mitigation	Mitigation WS
8	Recovery WS The FEMA Arbitracion Process for Hurricane	Community	Actions Through Risk Communication	Building Resiliency: Hurricanes Katrina and Mitigation Measure Best Practices
c	Katrina	Implementation of the New National Disaster	Recovery WS Disaster Human Services: A Keystone in	Bernand Mr
	Public Education/Media TS ESII-15 External Affairs: It is More Than Public Information Metocology Its documents		Hurricane Recovery	FEMA and ADF: Federally Funded Disaster C
D	Meteorology/Hydrology WS The State of Hurricane Forecasting	Meteorology/Hudgeton 110	Social Media 101: What is Social Media: What Types are facilitat	
ŧ		National Hurricane Center Products: What's New?	Meteorology/Hydrology WS Coastal Hurricane Hazards	Metageology /Mudeater Mar
	Response WS In the Path of the Hurricane	Response W/F		Inland Hurricane Hazards and Decision Suppo
1	Evacuation Planning WS	Public-Private Partnership in Tourism	Response WS Hit or Miss: Hurricane Earl, A Category 4 Storm	Response WS The Vital Role of Communication in Public
	Recent Behavioral Research on Evacuation Planning Issues	Evacuation Planning WS Real-Time and Near Real-Time Evacuation	Evacuation Planning WS	Safety Response
G	Fire/EMS WS	Fransportation Modeling	Evacuation Decision Making Assistance Tools: The Hurricane Risk Profile	Evacuation Planning WS Use of Social Networks and Websites in
н	International Disaster Teams	MABAS Tornado Mutual Aid Validation Exercise	Fire/EMS/Recovery WS Transitioning Damage Assessment from	Evacuations Fine/EMS WS
	Hurricane History WS Learning from the Past to Mitigate Hurricane	Hurricane History WS	Emergency to Non-Emergency	Gauging a Community's Infrastructure Vulnerability
_	Impact in the Future	Back to the Future, Impacts of the Northern Gulf of Mexico's Hurricane Coast Have Been	Insurance WS Dangers of Complacency: Dealing with Insurance Amnosia After Storm-Free Years	Insurance WS Insurance Incentives for Mitigation or Show Me the Money
	Utilities WS Department of Homeland Security, Protective	Lost in Time		
	Roles During a Disester	A Comparison of Hurricane Induced Power	Healthcare/Accessibility & Functional Needs WS Emergency Planeing for the Whole Community	Recovery/Response/Public Education/Media (Minus)
1	Mass Care WS Sudden Sheltering/Community Mobilization	Mass Care WS	of Children and Adults with Disabilities	Mississippi Alternative Housing Program: Challenges, Successes and Lessons Learned
		Planning for the Real World Ton Comment	Mass Care WS	And I REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.

2011 Governor's Hurricane Conference® May 15-20, 2011

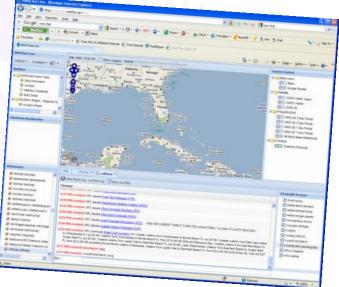


# Key Tasks of NHC WCM



- Develop training plan and course for media
- Coordinates and develops table top hurricane exercise material for state and federal agencies
- Works with NWS WCMs and regions to improve NHC/WFO Watch/Warning coordination
- Works with international met services to improve forecast coordination







# Other Tasks of NHC WCM



- Serves on team to improve NWS watch and warning collaboration
- Serves on NWS Assessment Teams
- Works with COMET on on-line hurricane preparedness module
- Participates in U.S. Hurricane Awareness
   Tour
- WORKS OPERATIONAL FORECAST
   SHIFTS FROM MAY 15 NOVEMBER 30!





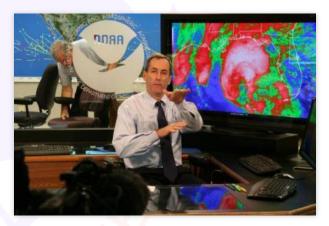




# Difference Between WFO and NHC WCMs



- NHC Director and Deputy Director are the primary spokespersons for the center
  - At a WFO, the <u>WCM</u> and Meteorologist-In-Charge serve that role
- NHC WCM role is more of an Outreach Coordinator and Planner
- Coordinates with Federal and State partners more than local officials







# "Battle is won (or lost) during the off-season..."



Highlights of annual NHC involvement:

- FEMA/NWS week-long Introduction to Hurricane Preparedness course for emergency managers (three courses), January-February
- U.S. Interdepartmental Hurricane Conference, March
- National Hurricane Conference, April
- World Meteorological Organization workshop for international meteorologists (2-week course at NHC), March
- Hurricane Awareness Tour (one week, alternating each year between U.S. Gulf and East Coasts), April or May
- Caribbean Hurricane Awareness Tour, April
- National Hurricane Preparedness Week, May
- State conferences
- Scientific conferences
  - Transition of new science from research into operations



## Question



- When is the BEST time to get to know your core partners?
- A. Right at the beginning of hurricane season
- B. Well before hurricane season
- C. 5 days before a high-impact weather event
- D. When you show up at Emergency Operations Center two days before a hurricane landfall



# "Battle is won (or lost) during the off-season..."



- Main message: don't wait until a disaster to get to know the people your serve and work with
- This involves a continuous, year-long effort and engagement with key partners



 Battle is won (or lost) during the "off-season" (Max Mayfield)



### **A Weather-Ready Nation**

National Weather Service Strategic Plan

# The U.S. National Weather Service Outreach and Education Program



The Basic NWS Goal: Building A Weather-Ready Nation

Protect Life And Property Through The Issuance Of Warnings And Advisories For Hazardous Weather

Promote Commerce And The Economy Through Collection Of Weather Data And Preparation Of Forecasts And Statements



# Is There Really A Need For More Outreach and Education?

Timeliness and Accuracy Of Forecasts and Warnings Are Steadily Improving...But Deaths and Injuries From Weather Related Events Still Occur... Are We Missing Something???

#### A Basic Problem:

Even The Most Accurate Forecasts And Warnings Are Ineffective If Users Either Do Not Understand Them Or Do Not Know What Actions To Take!

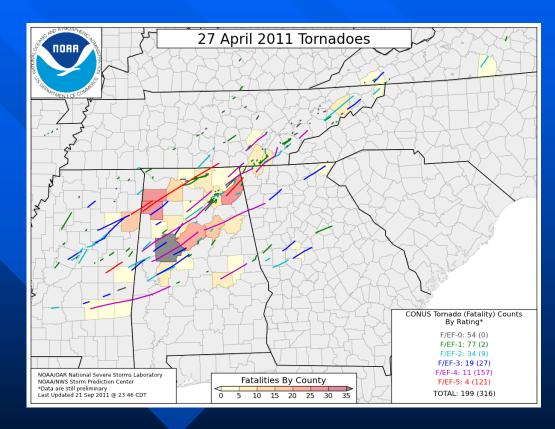
# January 24, 2012: A massive outbreak of strong/violent tornadoes affects the southern United States





Sequence of radar images during Sunday/Monday's tornado outbreak along with paths of strong rotation aloft (colored in red) as indicated by radar. Note these "rotation paths" did not necessarily continuously produce tornadoes on the ground but did in many instances. (Greg Carbin, NOAA Storm Prediction Center) The Previous Spring, another tornado outbreak affected the same area...

- 122 Tornadoes
- 31 Rated EF3 or Higher
- 4 EF5 Tornadoes
- Average Path Length 66 Miles
- \$4.2 Billion In Damage





## Question



- What impressions did the news report give?
- A. People didn't have enough time to protect themselves
- B. Event was poorly forecasted
- C. No warning was given
- D. Some inconsistency in information provided by anchor and reporter versus what actually happened

## How Was This Event Handled?

It Was Anticipated And Forecast Several Days In Advance.

- Tornado Watch Lead Times Ranged From 3 To 6 Hours For The Significant Tornadoes
  - Tornado Warning Mean Lead Time Was 22.1 Minutes.
  - 89% Of The Tornadoes Were Detected And Warned For.

Conclusion: From A Forecast And Warning Perspective, The Event Was Very Well Handled.



# If The Event Was Indeed So Well Handled...

### Why Were There 316 Deaths????





 Service Assessment Findings
 Despite A Robust Outreach & Education Program, There Were Still Numerous Response Issues...
 Myths – "Tornadoes Can't Cross Rivers" etc.

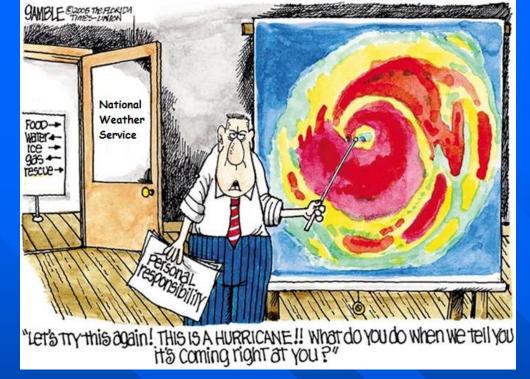
"False Alarm" or "Cry Wolf" Syndrome

Waiting For Confirmation

 Multiple Sources Saying The Same Thing
 Actual Visual Confirmation

Many Who Waited For Confirmation Did Not Have Time To Find Safe Shelter.





#### What We Do Well:

- Accurate & Timely Watches & Warnings

#### What Needs Improvement:

 Ensuring That The Public Knows What They Should Actually Do to Protect Themselves When They Hear Those Warnings!

## Where Do We Start?

- Multi-agency public outreach and education campaigns
- Participation in exercises and drills with Emergency Managers and other local officials
- Community Outreach

# **Public Awareness/Education**

Hazardous weather awareness weeks
Media campaigns
Partnership with EMs
Tours of Office
Talks to student, business, civic groups

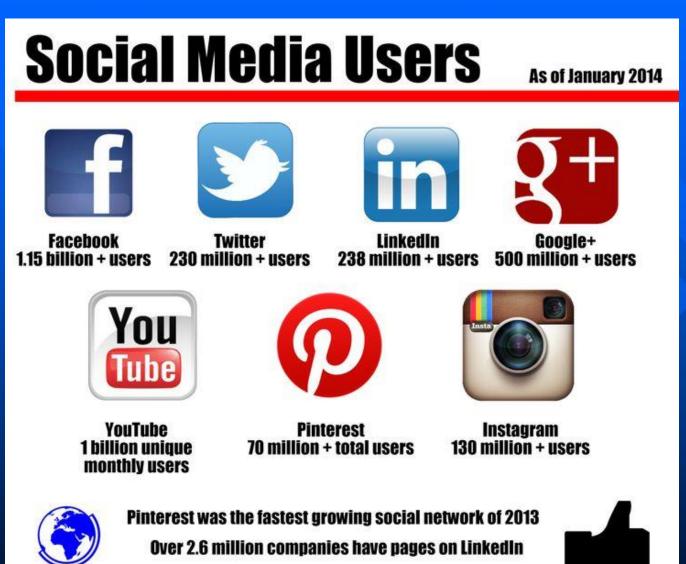


# Media Outreach and Coordination



**Primary disseminators** to the public Awareness of NWS products and services Ensure timely receipt of products Ensure all entities speak with one voice

### Social Media... The New Communications Model?



Google+ adds 25,000 new users every day

#### Social Media... The New Communications Model?

- Despite inherent problems, social media has to be acknowledged as a key communications platform]
- Use social media to provide accurate, official information as well as to dispel false information
- Build strong, reliable, trusted social media presence well BEFORE a disaster









# Conclusions

Despite An Ongoing Outreach/Education Effort, More Work Needs To Be Done! Forecasts And Warnings Are Improving...The Social Aspect Of Weather **Preparedness Must Also Improve** Technology Provides New Opportunities To **Enhance Our Communication And Outreach** Efforts.

Building A Weather-Ready Nation Is A Partnership That Includes Everyone!



# **Questions**?

# Thank you for your time, and safe trip home!