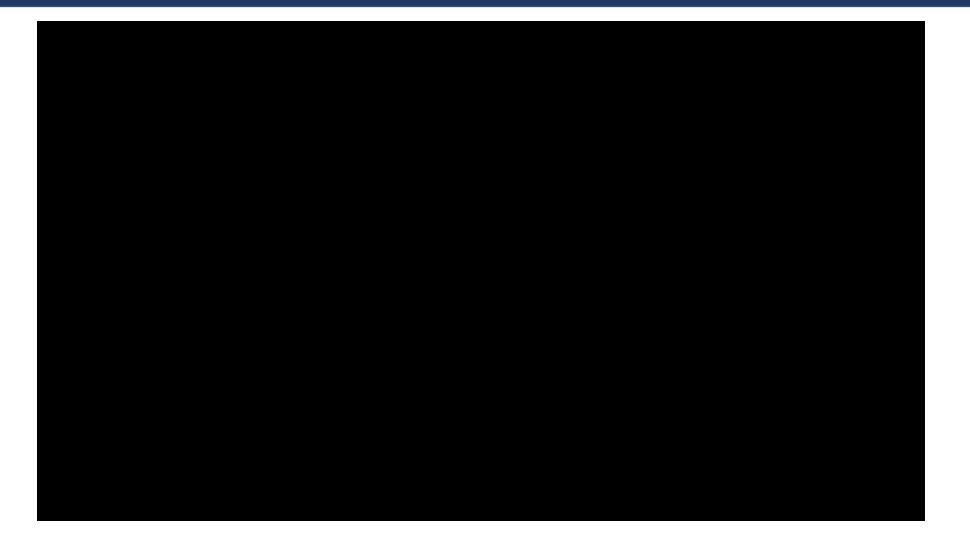
STORM SURGE

Introduction to Storm Surge and Storm Surge Forecasting

Heather Nepaul – Storm Surge Specialist



STORM SURGE Hurricane Ian



OUTLINE

• Introduction to Storm Surge

- Who is vulnerable?
- What is Storm Surge?
- What factors affect Storm Surge?
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 - SLOSH
 - Ensemble Guidance

• CIFDP- C Demonstration Project

OUTLINE

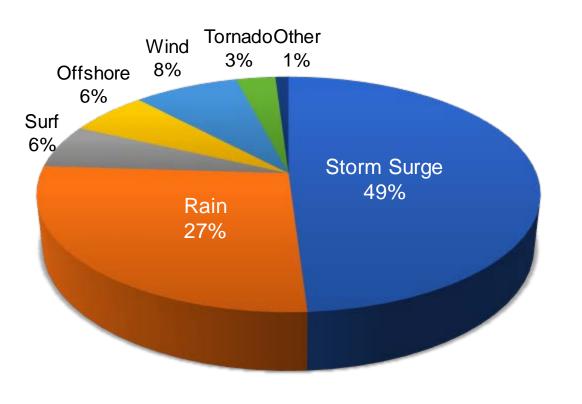
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The Danger of Storm Surge

2,544 Fatalities From 1963–2012



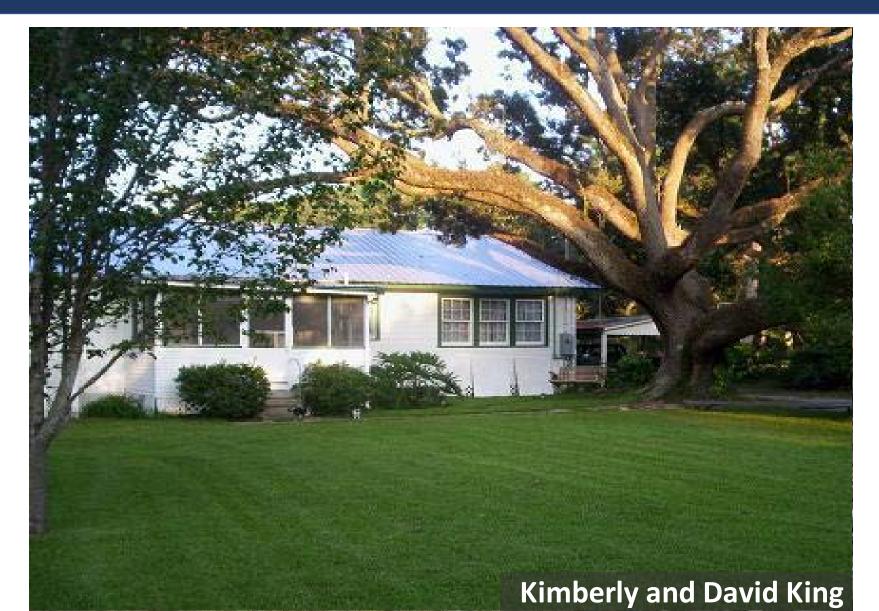
 Almost 50% the deaths are due to storm surge

•Over 80% of deaths are due to water

•Wind causes less than 10% of deaths

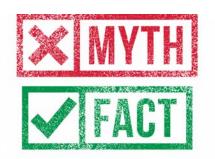
Storm Surge Rain Surf Offshore Wind Tornado Other

STORM SURGE IMPACTS *Waveland, Mississippi*



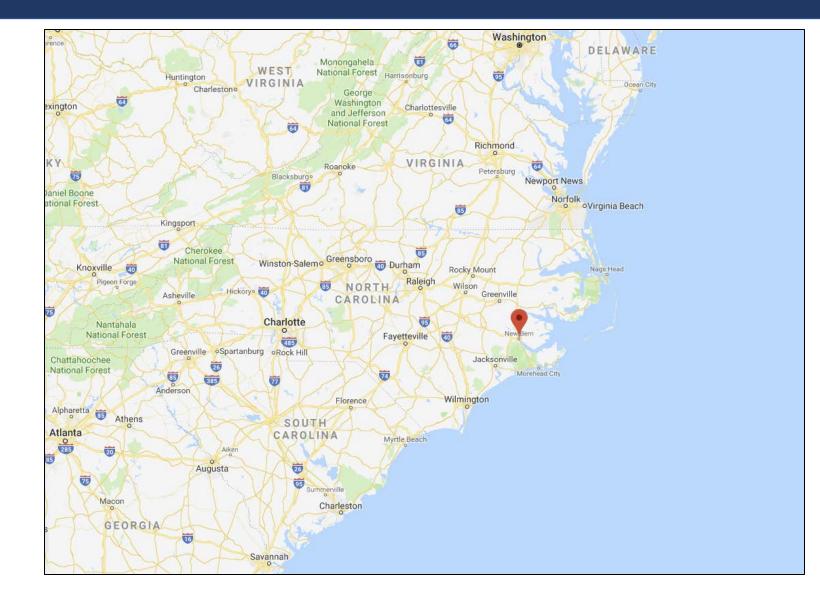
MYTH OR FACT? Inland

I live miles from the beach, so storm surge is not my problem.





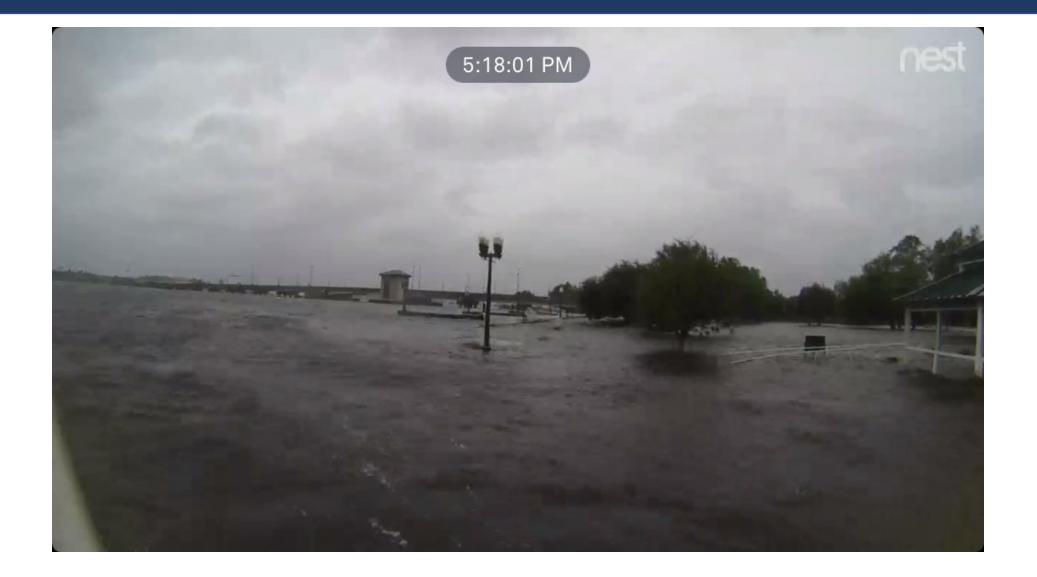
New Bern, NC – Hurricane Florence



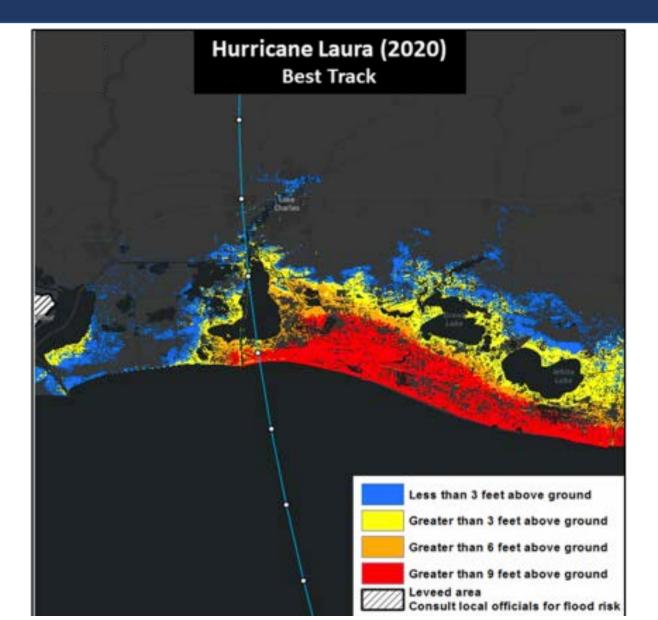
New Bern, NC – Hurricane Florence



New Bern, NC – Hurricane Florence



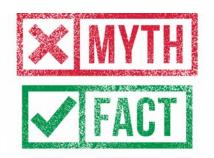
Hurricane Laura Inundation Depth

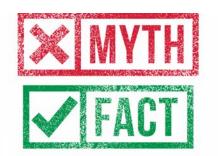


MYTH OR FACT? Vulnerability

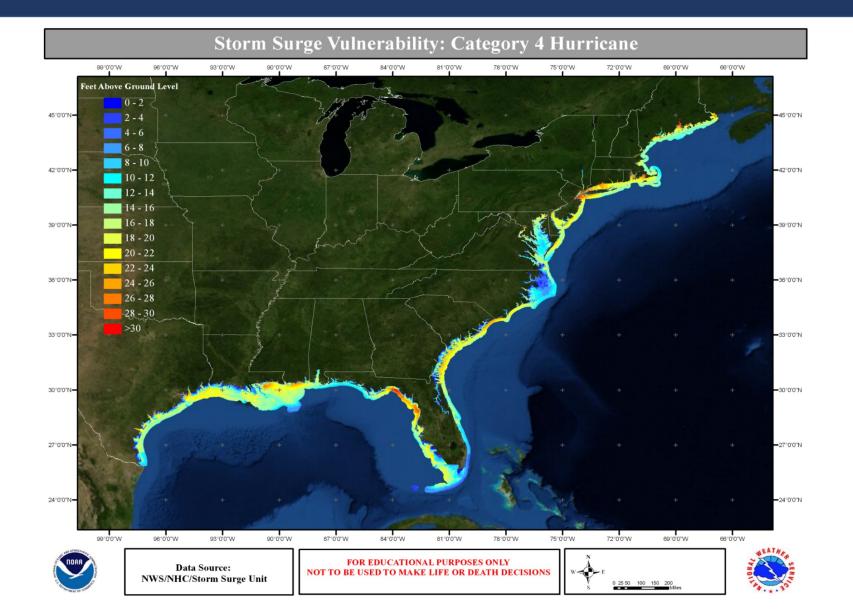
Are some areas more vulnerable to storm surge than others?







Storm Surge Vulnerability Example

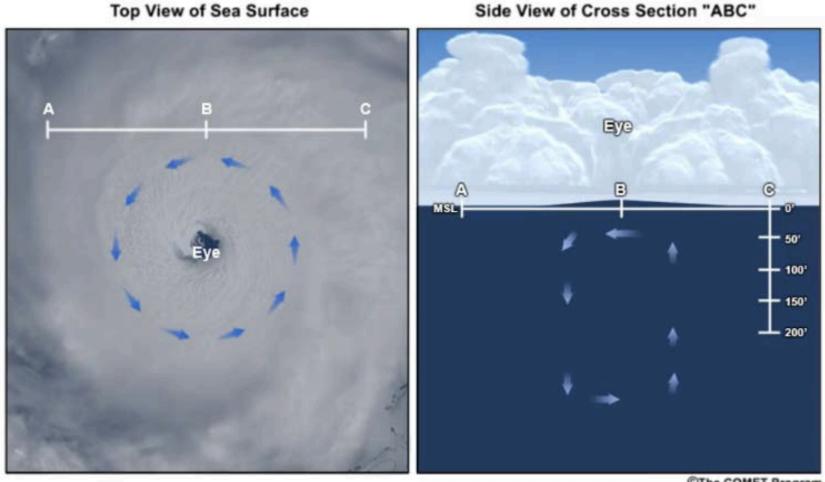


STORM SURGE Where does storm surge occur?



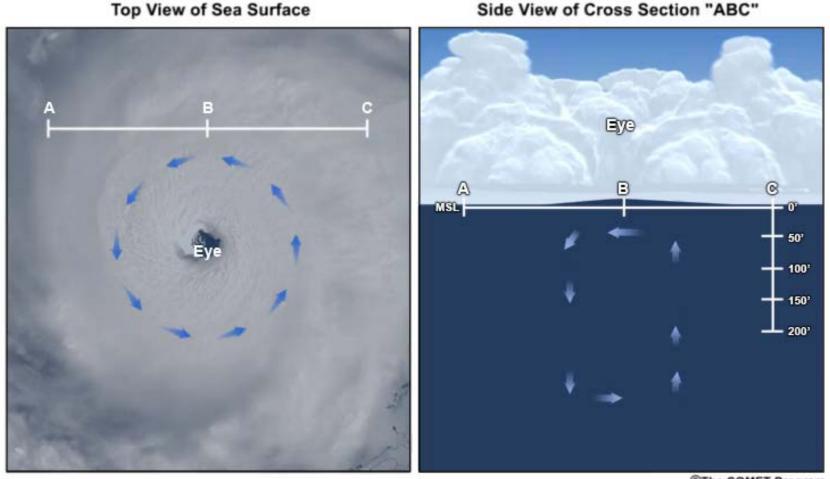
What exactly is storm surge and how does it work?

Deep Water



©The COMET Program

From Deep Water to Shallow Water



©The COMET Program

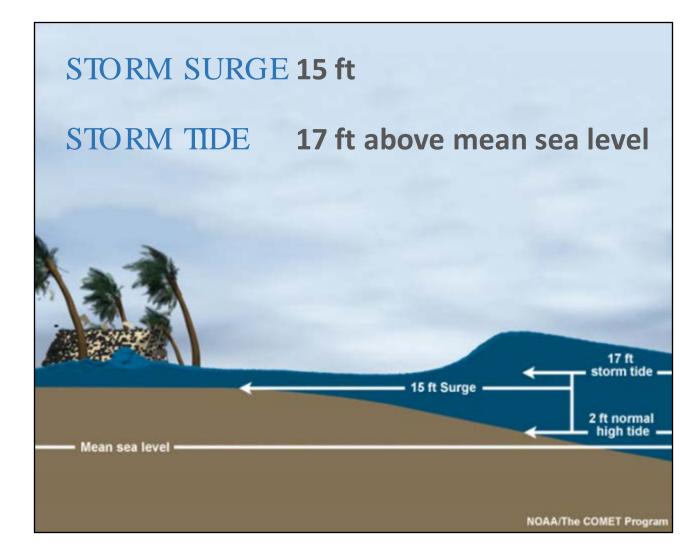
STORM SURGE Storm Surge vs Storm Tide

STORM SURGE

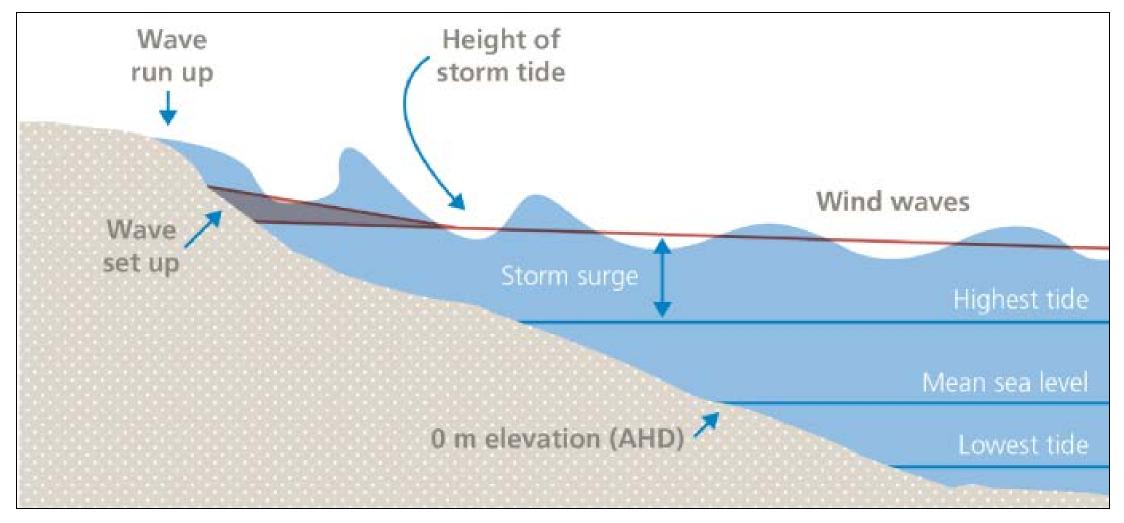
An abnormal rise of water generated by a storm, over and above the predicted astronomical tide.

STORM TIDE

Water level due to the combination of storm surge and the astronomical tide.

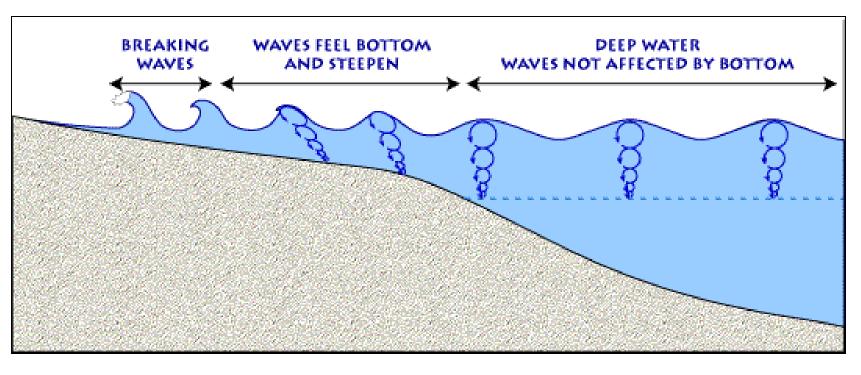


Storm surge + Tides + Wave Setup + Freshwater

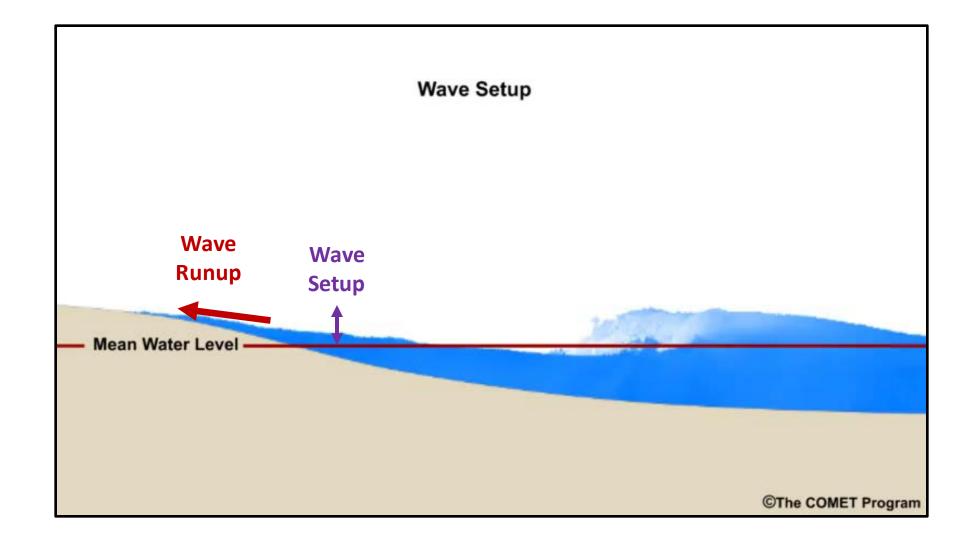


What about waves?

- Breaking waves also contribute to the total water level through wave runup/setup
- WAVE RUNUP is the time-varying fluctuation of water-level elevation at the shoreline due to wave breaking
- WAVE SETUP is the time-averaged water level rise due to wave breaking
- The magnitude of both runup and setup are related to offshore wave period, wave height, and shelf slope



Wave Runup and Setup



Freshwater Input

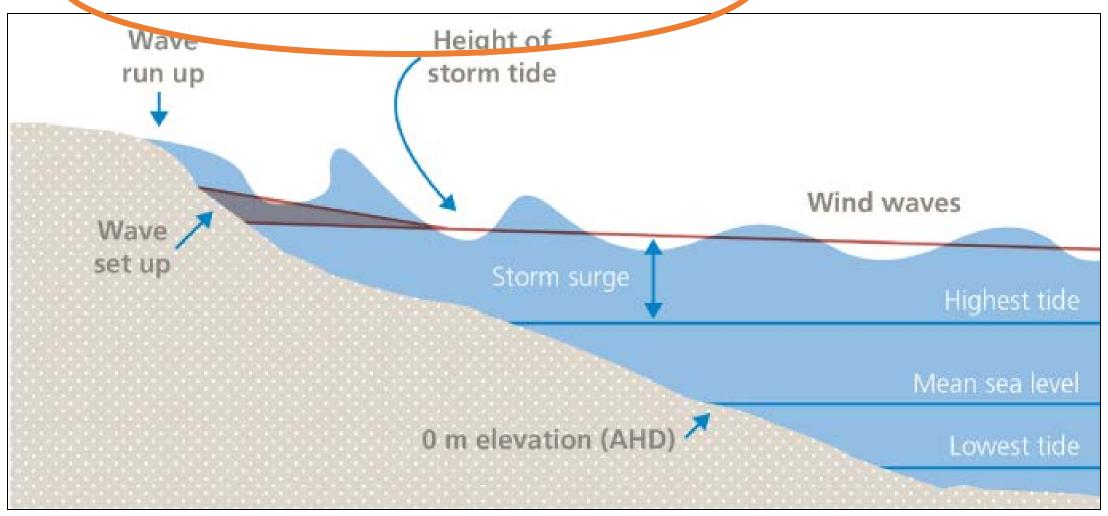




- River input, esp. into bays and sounds
 - Mississippi River discharges 200,000 700,000 cubic feet per second
- Rainfall

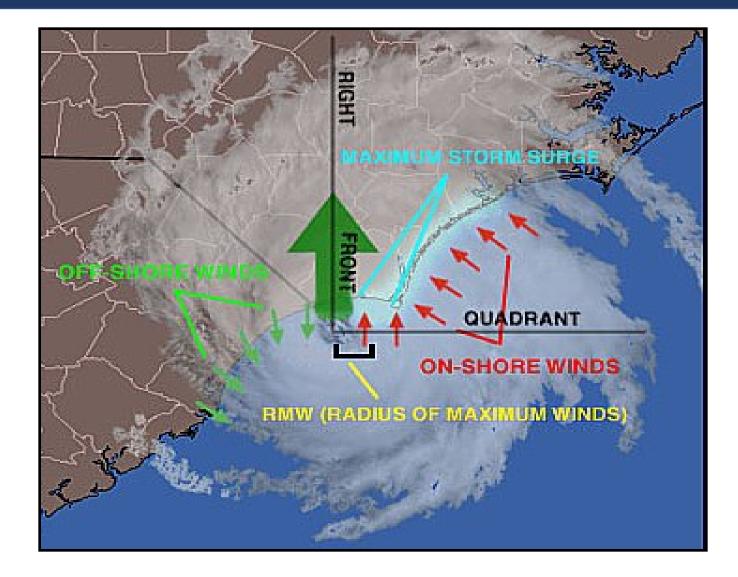
STORM SURGE Components of 'Total Water Level'

Storm surge + Tides + Wave Setup + Freshwater



What are the factors that affect storm surge?

Understanding Surge



Factors Affecting Storm Surge

STORM SURGEFACTORS

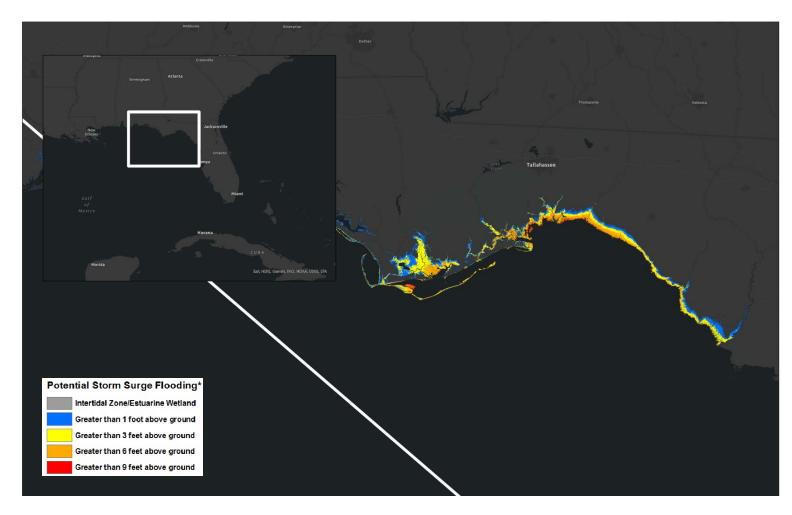
• Intensity

Stronger storm = More storm surge

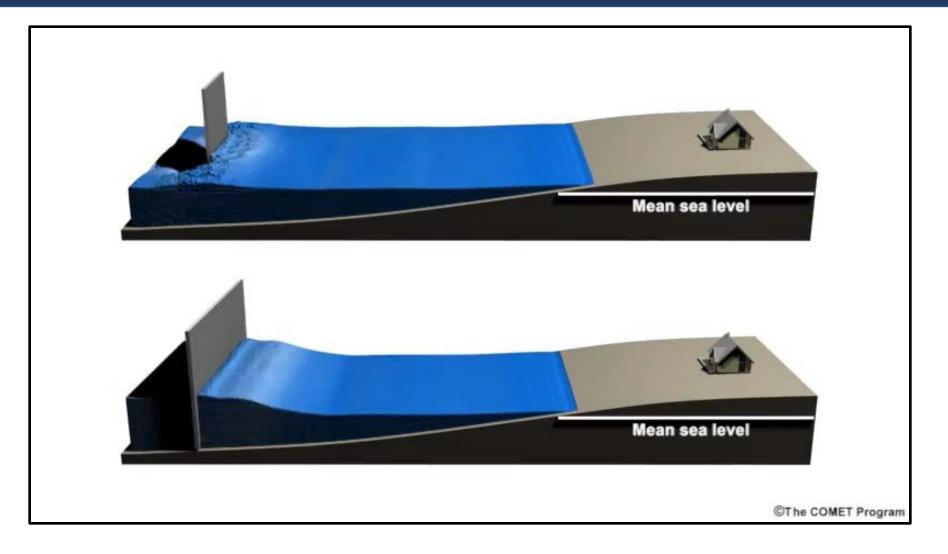
- Size (Radius of Maximum Winds) Larger = More storm surge
- Forward Speed Slower storm = Storm surge farther inland
- Angle of Approach Alters focus of storm surge
- Width and Slope of Shelf (Bathymetry) Gradual sloping shelf = More storm surge

STORM SURGE FACTORS What's the effect of intensity? (wind speed)

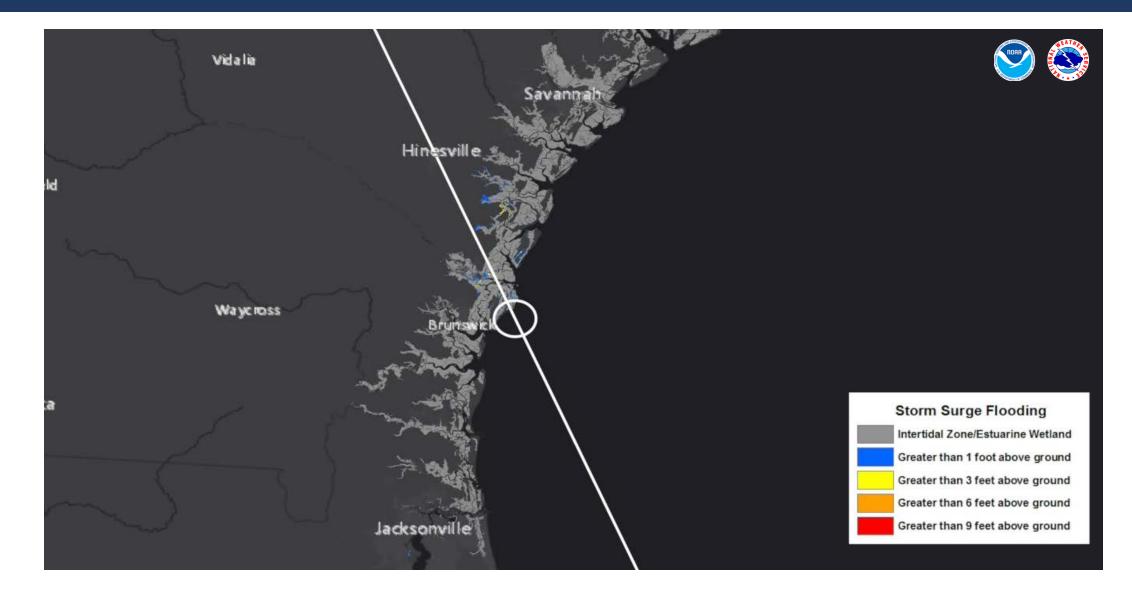
Category 3



STORM SURGE FACTORS *What's the effect of size?*

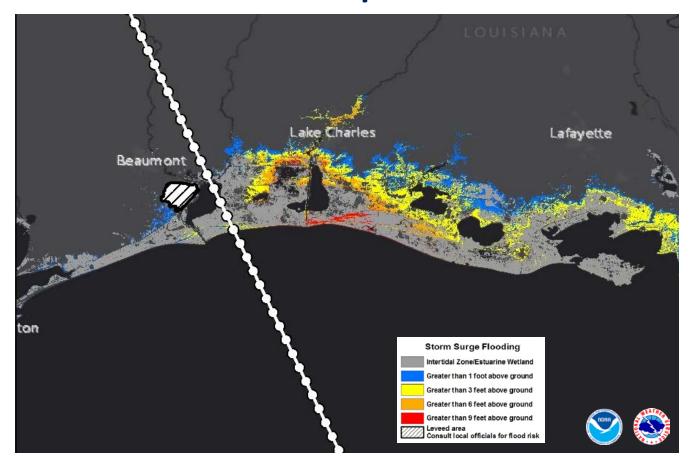


STORM SURGE FACTORS What's the effect of size?



STORM SURGE FACTORS What's the effect of forward speed?

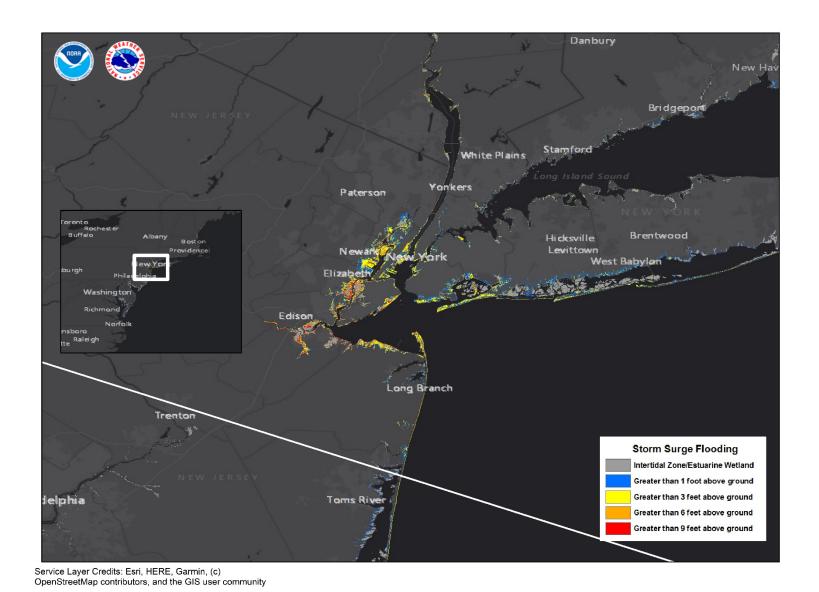
Forward Speed 25 mph



Faster Storms: Higher maximum at coast

Slower Storms: Farther inland penetration

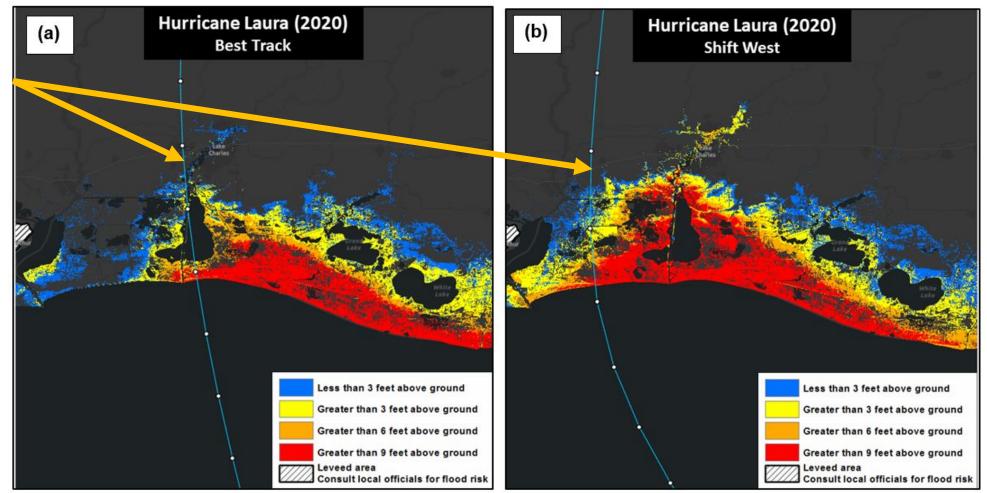
STORM SURGE FACTORS What's the effect of angle of approach?



Angle of Approach NNW WNW

Factors Affecting Storm Surge

A slight shift in hurricane track can make a dramatic difference in storm surge at a specific location



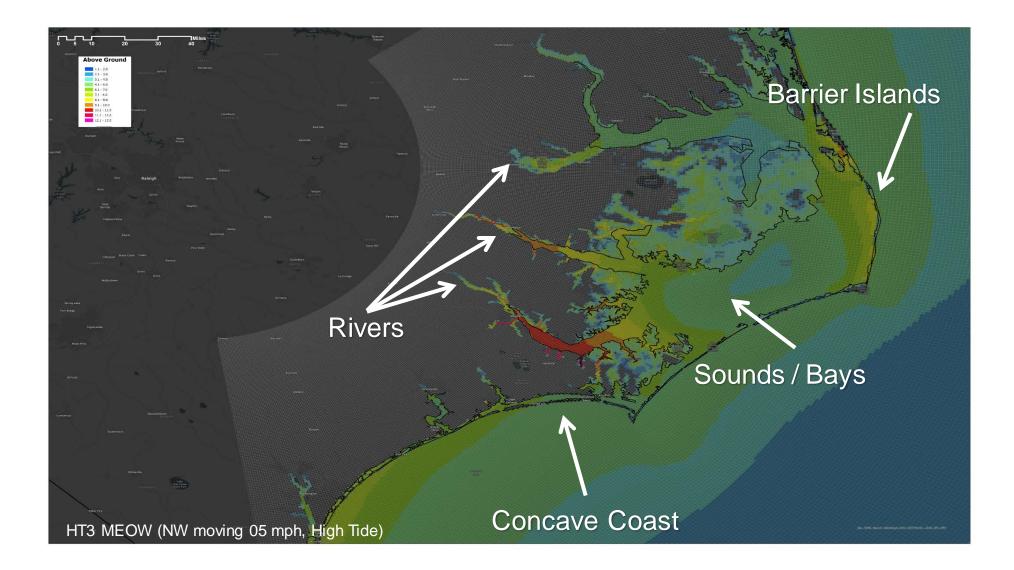
STORM SURGE What's the effect of width/slope of shelf?



Wide shelf – Gentle slope

Narrow shelf – Sharp slope

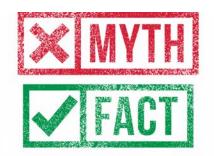
STORM SURGE What's the effect of local features along the coast?

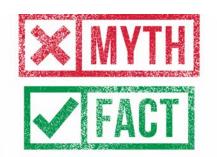


MYTH OR FACT? Storm Strength

Category 4 hurricanes always produce more storm surge than Category 1 hurricanes.







No More Surge in the Saffir-Simpson Scale!

(it fits like a square peg in a round hole)

Category	Wind speed			Storm surge		
	mph	km/h	kn	ft	m	
Five	≥156	≥ 250	≥136	> 18	2.5.5	KATRINA (3) IKE (2)
Four	131–155	210-249	114-135	13-18	4.0-5.5	
Three	111–130	178–209	96–113	9–12 <		SANDY (1) ISAAC (1)
Two	96–110	154-177	83–95	6-8	1.8–2.4	CHARLEY (4)
One	74–95	119–153	64-82	4-5	1.2-1.5	
Additional classifications						
Tropical storm	39–73	63–117	35-63	0–3	0–0.9	
Tropical depression	0–38	0–62	0–34	0	0	

No Such Thing as "Just a Tropical Storm"

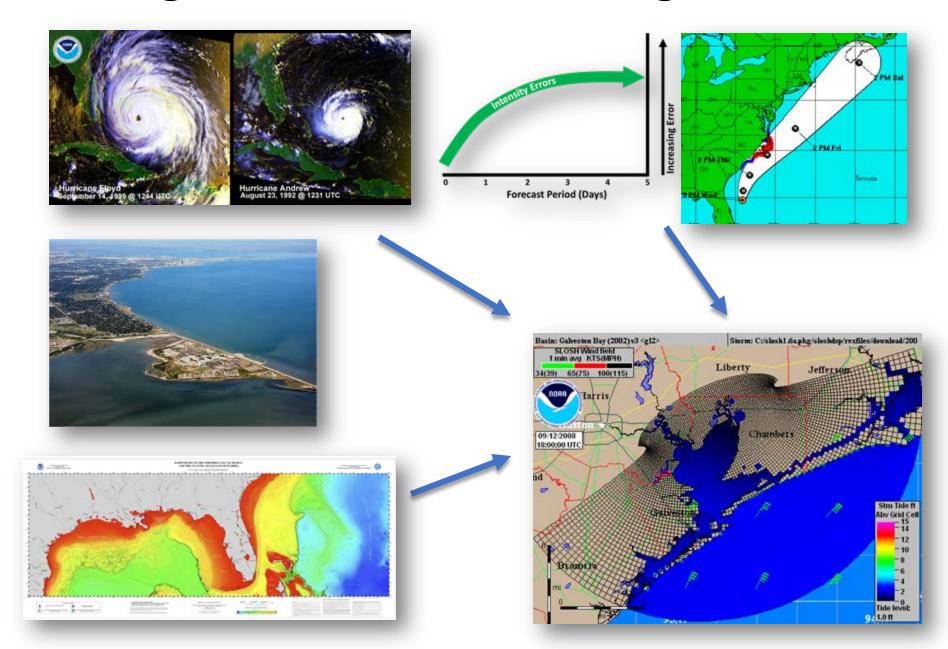


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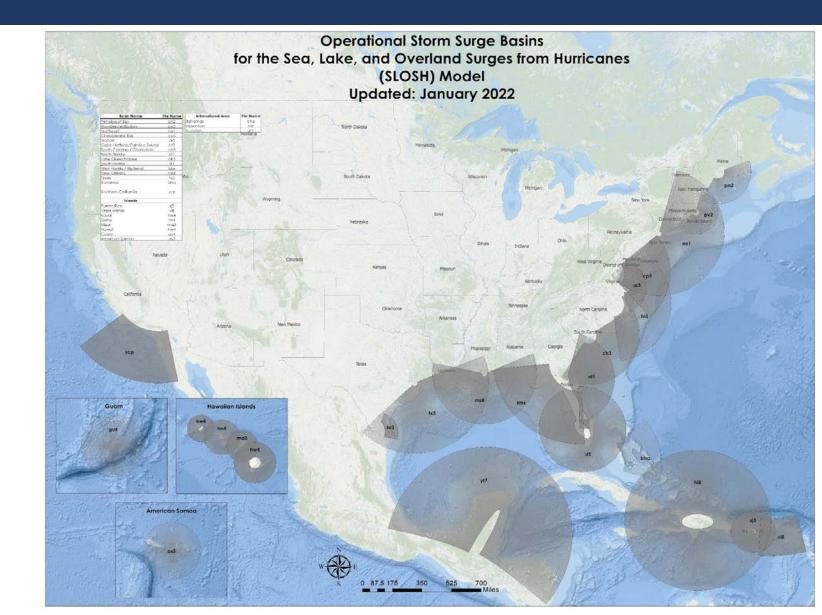
Making the Perfect Storm Surge Forecast



SLOSH MODEL

Sea, Lake, and Overland Surges from Hurricanes

A numerical model used to estimate storm surge heights for historical, hypothetical, or predicted hurricanes



SLOSH Strengths and Limitations

• SLOSH does include:

- Flow through barriers/gaps/passes
- Deep passes between bodies of water
- Inland inundation (wet/dry cell)
- Overtopping of barrier systems, levees, and roads
- Coastal reflection (coastally trapped Kelvin waves)
- Astronomical tide
- Wave setup in U.S. Island states and territories
- SLOSH does not include:
 - Wave run-up (efforts underway)
 - Normal river flow and rain

Storm Surge Products

MEOWs

Maximum Envelopes Of Water

MOMs Maximum Of the MEOWs

Probabilistic Storm Surge (Psurge)

Not Available outside US

Available outside US

Potential Storm Surge Flooding Graphic

Storm Surge Watch/Warning

Experimental Peak Storm Surge Graphic



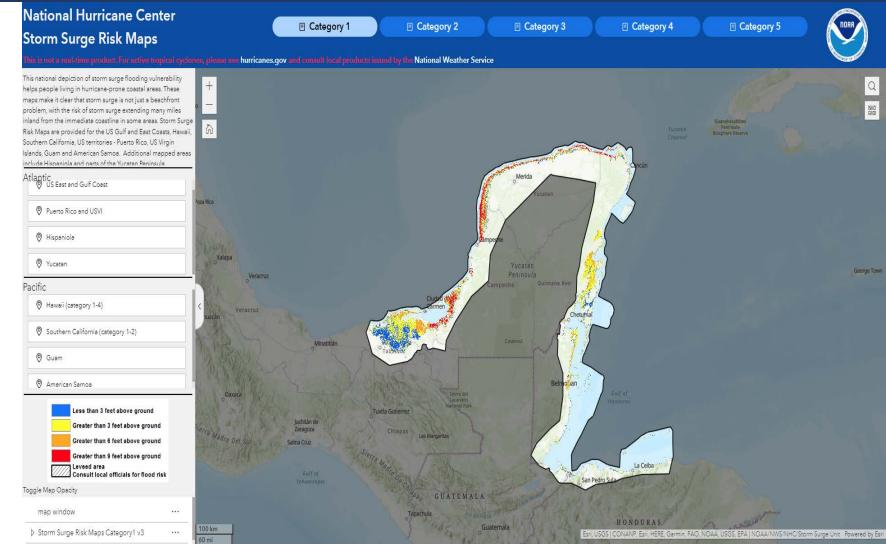
Pre-Computed

National SLOSH MOM and Risk Analysis

About 7.4 million people vulnerable to storm surge

Roughly 4,600 miles of evacuation route becomes inundated or cut off

Almost 3.9 million housing units vulnerable to surge



Zachry, B. C., W. J. Booth, J. R. Rhome, and T. M. Sharon, 2015: A National View of Storm Surge Risk and Inundation. J Wea. Climate Soc., 7(2), 109-117

OUTLINE

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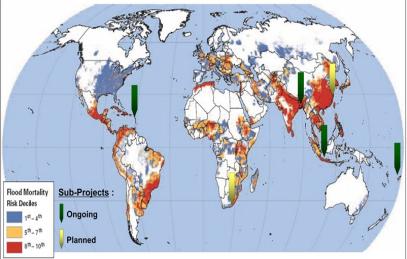
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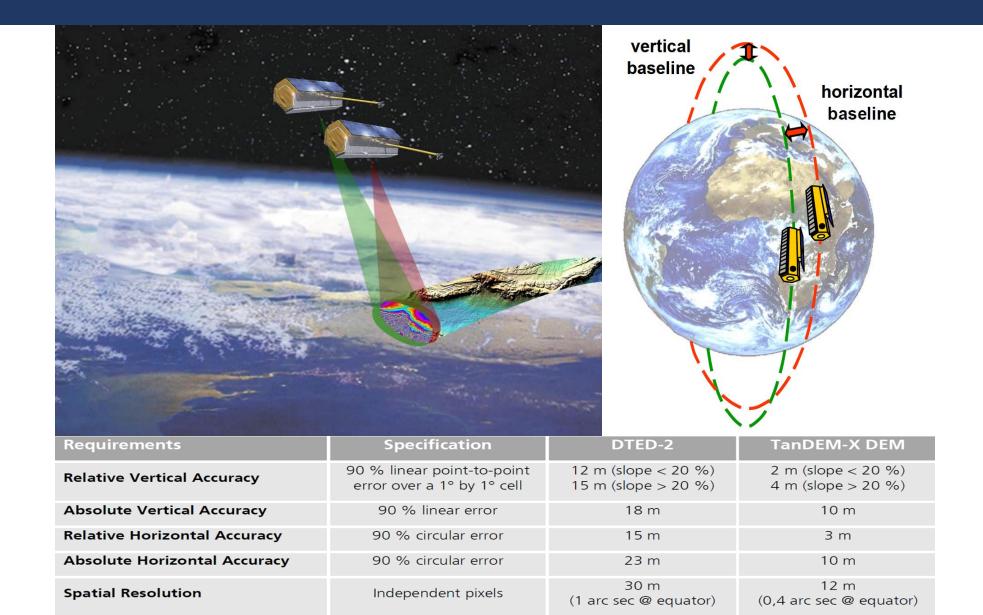
History of CIFDP-C

- At the 5th meeting of the CIFDP Program Steering Group (May 20 14, Geneva), the previous Sub-Project for Dominican Republic (CIFDP-DR) was re-scoped for a Caribbean/regional approach and denoted CIFDP-C
- CIFDP-C was initially demonstrated and tested for the Dominican Republic and Haiti
- RSMC Miami provided the leading technical contribution, in collaboration with the PSG and other partners, which ensured the maximum synergies of regional and national efforts and introduced a new direction to provide storm surge information to all other Caribbean countries





Ta n DEM-X

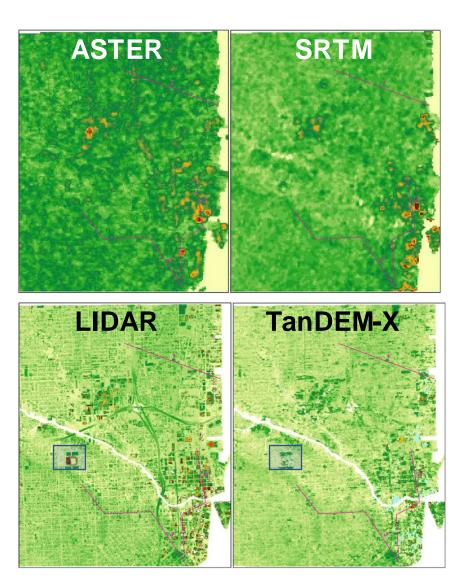


Topography Data Comparison: Miami, FL

Downtown Miami, FL





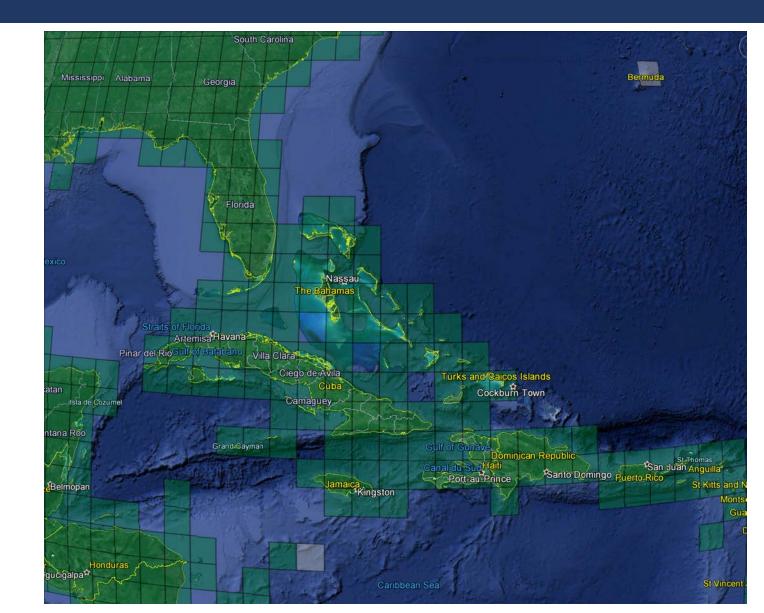


Data Availability

Availability 2015

Established an agreement with U.S. DOD for cost savings for CIFDP-C

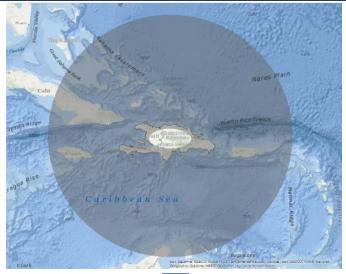
TANDEM-X DEMs not sharable per licensing agreement but final modeling results are

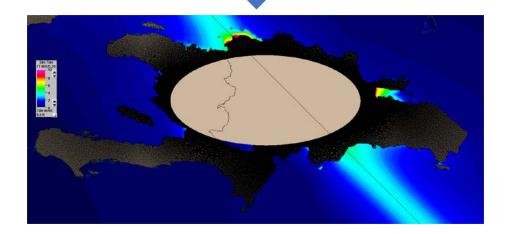


SLOSH + Waves Development

Coastal Inundation Forecasting Demonstration Project (CIFDP)

- Implement a coupled storm surge and wave modeling system
 - SLOSH hydrodynamic model
 - Wave model recommended by IOOS modeling testbed (parametric)
- Develop products for planning, preparedness, and forecasting
 - SLOSH MOMs and MEOWs
- Provide specialized training programs on how to use the storm surge products for planning and preparedness





2nd Gen (Parametric) Wave Model

An efficient parametric wave model to couple with SLOSH

Parametric models that reduce full solution space $N(t,x,y,\sigma,\theta)$, to e.g. M(t,x,y) (Schwab et al. 1984).

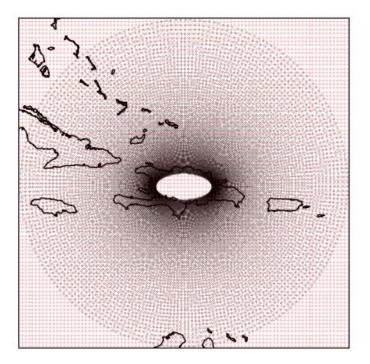
$$\frac{\partial \vec{M}}{\partial t} + \vec{v} \cdot \nabla_{x,y} \vec{M} = \vec{\tau}_w$$

$$\vec{\tau}_w = 0.028 \rho_a D_f |\vec{U} - 0.83C_p| (\vec{U} - 0.83C_p)$$

$$\sigma^2 = 6.23 \times 10^{-6} \left(\frac{f_p U}{g}\right)^{-10/3} \frac{U^4}{g^2}$$

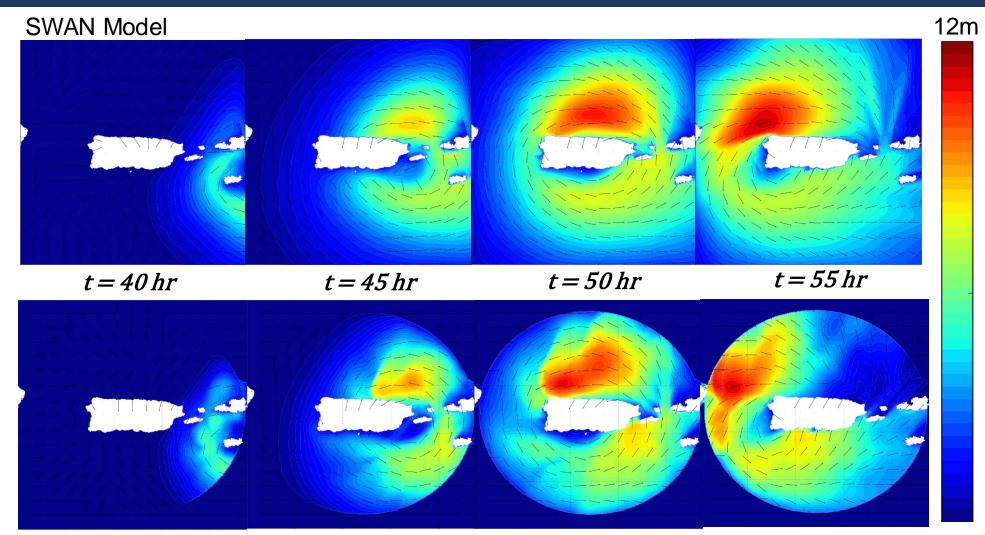
• Simplified physics, but significantly cheaper than SW AN or W W 3

More suitable to couple with SLOSH



SLOSH basin and wave model grid mesh

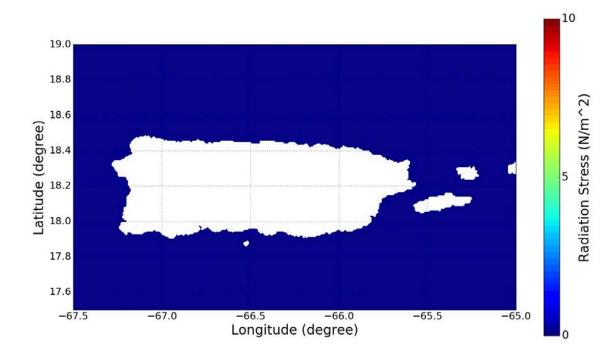
Wave Height Comparison (Hurricane Georges, 1998)



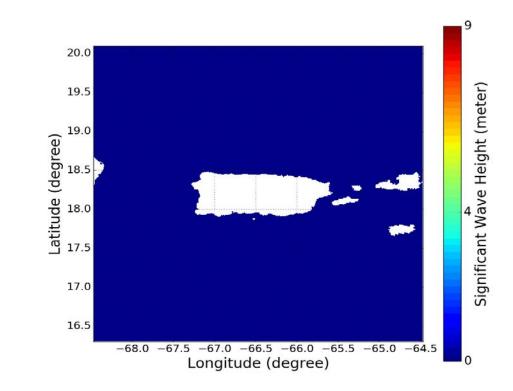
Parametric Wave Model

Coupled SLOSH + Waves

Wave Radiation Stress

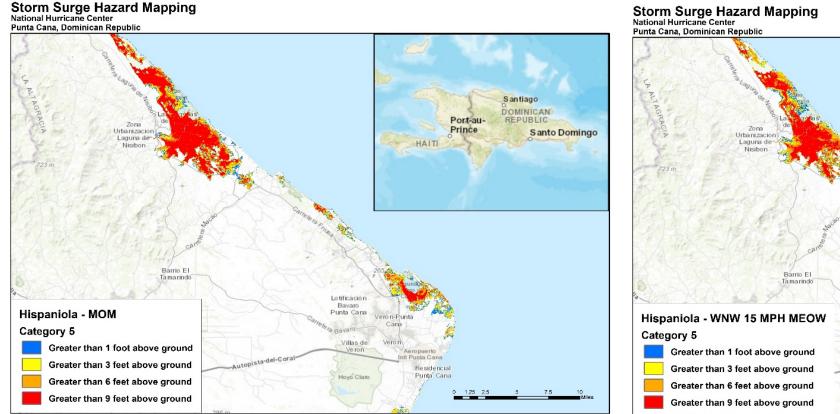


Significant Wave Height

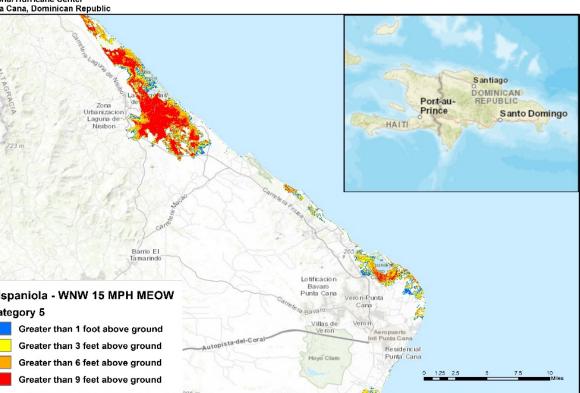


Final Deliverable: High-Resolution Inundation Mapping

Cat 5 - MOM



Service Layer Credita. Sources. Earl, HERE, DeLorme, Internaci increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, Geobsse, ICN, Keseter NL, Orcheros Survey, Esr Japan. ME11, Ear China (Hong Kong), swisstop, MapmyIndia. 30 OpenStradMap contributors, and the GIS User Community. WNW 15 MPH - MEOW



Service Layer Credita. Sources. Earl, HERE, DeLorme, Internac. increment P. Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN Geobsse, ICN, Kepster NL, Orthanos Survey, Eski Japan, ME II, Ean China (Horg Kong), exvisition, Mapmylinda, S. OpenStreatMap, comhistors, and the GIS User Community

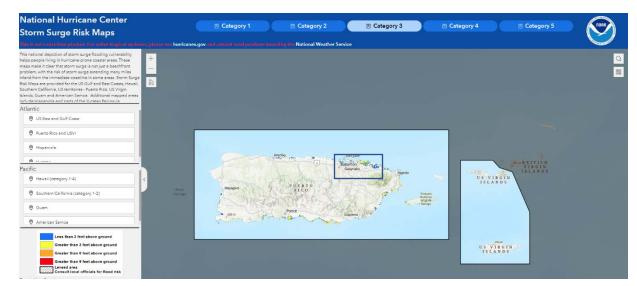
Bahamas Storm Surge Project Phases

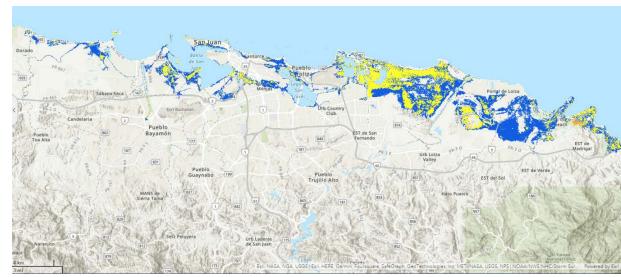
Phase 0	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	Phase 4
2019-2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Project	Project	System	Postprocessing	System Integration and Training:
Scoping and	Planning and	Development &	and	
Preparation:	Design:	Validation:	Distribution:	
Stakeholder meetings & workshop (Barbados) WRN/Storm Surge dual track established	Initial project design/setup Establish definitive National Agreement Data acquisition and processing	Final bathy/topo processing Final SLOSH model configuration and testing. Develop specialized training needs &	MOMs/MEOW creation, QA/QC, post-processing, inundation mapping Transmit GIS data and HVX integration Test/evaluate for	System implementation, project evaluation, specialized training workshop Fully deploy for hurricane season Project evaluation and recommended application to region

Dissemination and Data Availability

- MEOWs: GIS files provided to the Government of the Bahamas
- NHC will host the CIFDP-C MOMs on an online web portal for high-resolution inundation mapping
 - Provide GIS data
 - Map services

https://www.nhc.noaa.gov/nationalsurge/





Existing Forecaster and Civil Defense Training Modules

