



Role of the

Warning Cook ination

Meteorologist (WCM)

Robert Molleda

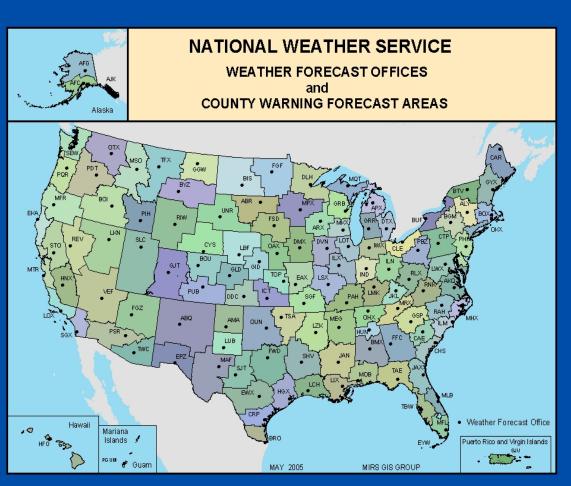
U.S. National Weather Service

Miami/South Florida Forecast Office



U.S. National Weather Service





- 122 local Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs)
- 9 National Centers (NCEP)
- 13 River Forecast Centers (RFCs)
- 2 Tsunami Warning Centers
- 21 Center Weather Service Units (CWSUs)



U.S. National Weather Service Weather Forecast Offices (WFOs)



- Issue all Local Forecasts and Warnings
- Build and Maintain Relationships with key partners
- Coordinate and Provide Expert Decision
 Support to Emergency Operations Centers and other key partners
- Solicit Customer Feedback on Products and Services
- Conduct Community Awareness and Education Programs
- Train Volunteer Observers and Storm Spotters

Warning Coordination Meteorologist serves as the primary interface between WFO and Customers







It is said that the WCM wears several hats







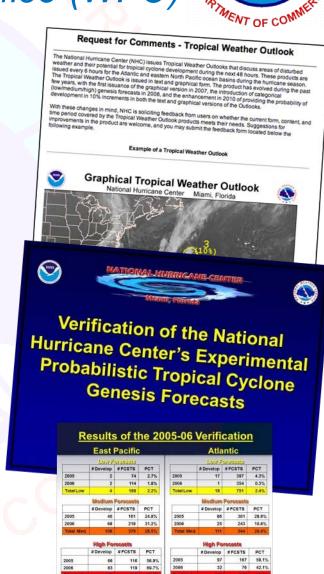








- Primary interface between WFO and core community partners (emergency managers/public safety officials and media)
- Product Evaluation: seeks and implements partner feedback on improvements and additions to products and services









- Organizes and conducts yearly partner training/meetings such as Integrated Warning Team workshops and takes part in local and state exercises
- Attends and represents NWS at partner-organized meetings to better understand partner and community needs, and apply those to NWS products and services











- Conducts and arranges media interviews on high-impact weather events
- Press conferences for seasonal outlooks









Customer Service/ Outreach

- Responsible for planning, coordinating, and carrying out the public weather awareness and preparedness program
 - Educate the public to ensure the mitigation of death, injury and property damage or loss caused by meteorological events



Community Outreach



- Yearly hurricane/severe weather expos
- Being accessible to community-at-large
- Office tours/open house
- Speaking to business and civic groups, and schools







WRN Ambassador









It's All About Partnerships







WRN Ambassador



Over 11,000 WRN Ambassadors in the U.S., approximately 130 in South Florida alone



- Coordinates preparedness program with government officials and media
 - Works with media and emergency managers to ensure that preparedness message is consistent and plans are in place well before a weather threat





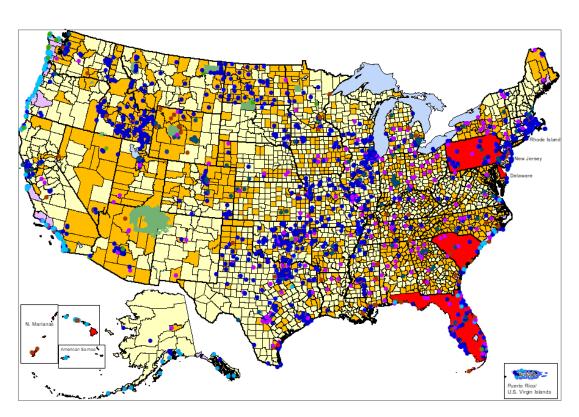








- Communities must meet basic guidelines for receiving and disseminating alerts as well as 24-hour monitoring
- Perform at least 4 safety talks per year
- Maintain hazardous
 weather operations plan,
 record of storm spotters
 and participate yearly in
 weather-related exercises
- Must Be Renewed Every 4 Years



3,280 StormReady/Tsunami Ready sites







 Works with government agencies and other key partners to develop plans for promoting more effective use of NWS products and services





Local Mitigation Strategy









- Conduct storm spotter training classes year-round
- Several hundred new spotters trained every year in South Florida alone











- Serves as Senior Forecaster
 - Performs full range of responsibilities of that position
 - •Serves in this role about 25% of the time
- Act as acting branch/office chief
 - full range of administrative duties



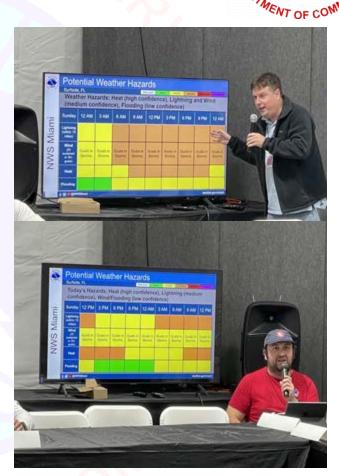


Local Weather Forecast Office (WFO)



Coordinates with partners on the provision of **impact decision support services** (IDSS)





NWS Miami forecasters Sean Miller & Robert Garcia briefing incident command officials in Surfside, FL – July 2021



Impact Decision Support Services



 Provide direct and specific weather-based and/or event-based weather support to government officials either on-site at a command post or remotely from NWS office

Service

Coordinator

- Focus on providing an expectation of impacts that could affect a large public event or a community's preparation in advance of severe weather
- Examples: severe weather/tropical cyclone events, festivals, sporting events







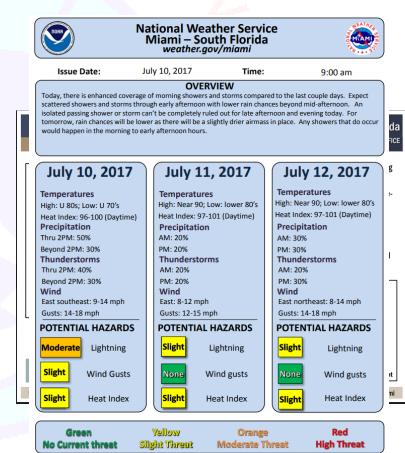
Impact Decision Support Services



 What IS Impact Decision Support Services?

Service Coordinator

- Provision of forecast advice and interpretative services to help core partners, such as emergency personnel and public safety officials, make decisions when weather, water and climate impacts lives and livelihood
- Providing specific temperature and wind information to a private event organizer??



For More Detailed Forecast:

Hourly Weather Forecast for Bayfront Park



Local Weather Forecast Office (WFO)





Coordinates with partners on the provision of impact decision support

MIAMI-DADE COUNTY	Miami-Dade County EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTER FLASH REPORT # 2	PHONE: 305-468-5800 FAX: 305-468-5401 eoc@miamidade.gov
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT	8/01/2017 Severe Weather	
REPORT DATE	EOC ACTIVATION LEVEL	REPORT TIME
August 3, 2017	Level 3 - Monitoring	1230

SUMMARY OF CURRENT SITUATION AND ACTIONS

- The National Weather Service (NWS) Miami issued a Flash Flood Warning for Miami-Dade County on August 1st at 1547 hours until 1745 hours. It was extended until 2145 for east-central Miami-Dade.
- The Miami-Dade Office of Emergency Management (OEM) deployed personnel to assist Miami Beach with conducting a damage assessment.

Damages from Miami Beach

Residential

16 - no damages - no flooding inside of the structures

6 - affected - minimal flooding inside of structure

Commercia

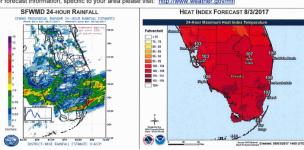
8 - no damages - water did not go inside of structure

12 – affected – minimal flooding inside of the structure

- One business had up to 3" of water
- . Two apt buildings reported up to 6" of water in the lobby with water in the elevator pit
- . One business reported damage to wood floor but had insurance and previous claims
- Miami Beach Convention Center reported damages
- The Florida Department of Economic Opportunity activated the Business Damage Assessment Survey to document damages to the business community. The survey is available at: http://livbeoc.org/index.php?action=bda

4 businesses from the City of Miami have filed Business Damage Assessment Surveys with the State. Reporting they would need up to \$100,000 in assistance. (the lowest option is a range from \$1,000 to \$100,000)

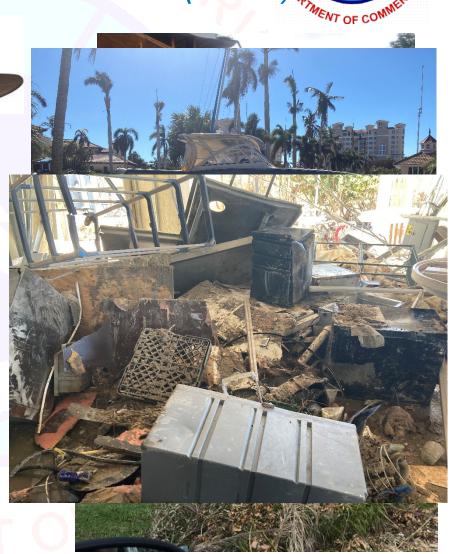
- 4. A heat advisory is in effect until 1900 hours for all areas of Miami-Dade. Heat indices may reach temperatures near 110 degrees and up to 105 degrees into the weekend and early next week. The OEM Duty Officer is
- 5. OEM will continue to monitor the weather forecasts and provide additional notifications as conditions warrant For forecast information, specific to your area please visit; http://www.weather.gov/mfl







- Coordinates and performs NWS post-storm surveys to assess damage and rate the intensity and effects of a storm
- Normally done for tornado events but can also be done for flooding and hurricanes





NHC WCM



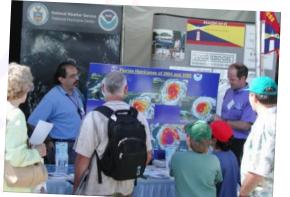
- Conducts a tropical cyclone preparedness program
 - Identifies preparedness objectives and projects to meet them
 - Reviews NHC warning efforts and determines adequacy of NHC preparedness activities
 - Coordinates with NWS WCMs to ensure uniformity of effort, collaboration, and compatibility
 - Interacts with NCEP, and regional and NWS headquarters on TC preparedness activities
- Conducts a marine preparedness program
 - Coordinates NHC interactions with marine customers
 - Serves as a liaison between NHC TAFB and the marine user community

Tropical Cyclones



A PREPAREDNESS GUIDE
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
Haltonal Overaria and Altrocepharta Administration
National Visuality Service
Revised Many Nate.







Key Tasks of NHC WCM



- Works with FEMA Emergency
 Management Institute (EMI) to
 conduct 3-one week EM training
 courses on hurricane preparedness
 and evacuation decision making
- Develops NHC outreach and training agenda for National Hurricane Conference
- Coordinates NHC participation at state EM or hurricane conferences



	1 8:30 am to 10:00 am	DAY AT A GLANCE FOR TH	21, 2011		
A		10:30 am to 12:00 pm	3 1:30 pm to 3:00 pm	4	
	Get More for Your Money: Make the Newly-	Mitigation WS		3:30 pm to 5:00 pm	
_	Revised 406 Hazard Mitigation Policy Work for You	Comprehensive Planning for a Resilient	Mitigation/Recovery WS Encouraging Personal Hazard Mitigation	Mitigation WS Building Resiliency: Hurricanes Katrina and II Mitigation Measure Best Practices	
В	Recovery WS The FEMA Arbitration Process for Hurricane	Recovery law	Actions Through Risk Communication		
c	Katrina	Implementation of the New National Disaster	Recovery WS Disaster Human Services: A Keystone in	Become and	
	Public Education/Media TS ESF-15 External Affairs: It is More Than Public Information Metapoples (In a Section 1)		Hurricane Recovery	FEMA and ACF: Federally Funded Disaster Cas	
D	Meteorology/Hydrology WS The State of Hurricane Forecasting	The State of the Property WS Meteorology Visualization (VIII)		dia 101: What is Social Media: What Types are deallable	
E		National Hurricane Center Products: What's	Meteorology/Hydrology WS Coastal Hurricane Hazards	Meteorology/Modeshow issue	
•	Response WS in the Path of the Hurricane	Response W.F.		Inland Hurricane Hazards and Decision Support	
F	Evacuation Planning WS	Public-Private Partnership in Tourism	Response WS Hit or Miss: Hurricane Earl, A Category 4 Storm	Safety Response	
	Recent Behavioral Research on Evacuation Planning Issues	Evacuation Planning WS Real-Time and Near Real-Time Evocuation	Evacuation Manager was		
G	Fire/FBAS SAM	Transportation Modeling	Evacuation Decision Making Assistance Tools: The Hurricane Risk Profile	Evacuation Planning WS Use of Social Networks and Websites in	
	The Haiti US&R Experience: Operating with International Disaster Teams	Fire/EMS WS MABAS Tornado Mutual Aid Validation Exercise	Fire/EMS/Recreamy test	Evacuations	
1	Hurricano Mistory taus	Hurricane History WS	Transitioning Damage Assessment from Emergency to Non-Emergency	Fire/EMS WS Gauging a Community's Infrastructure	
	Learning from the Past to Mitigate Hurricane Impact in the Future	Back to the Future Imposes of the state	Insurance WK	Vulnerability Insurance WS	
	Utilities WS	Gulf of Mexico's Hurricane Coast Have Been Lost in Time	Dangers of Complacency: Dealing with Insurance Amnesia After Storm-Free Years	Insurance Incentives for Mitigation or Show May	
	Department of Homeland Security, Protective Security Advisors and Infrastructure Liaison	A Comparison of Hurricane Induced Power Dutage Models: Component vs Statistical Models	Healthcare/Accessibility & Functional Needs WS Emergency Planning for the United St	the Money	
	Roles During a Disaster			Recovery/Response/Public Education/Media/Mitigation WS	
Sudden Shelte	Mass Care WS Sudden Shalteness (%)	Mass Care WS	 Integrating the Access and Functional Needs of Children and Adults with Disabilities 	Mississippi Alternative Housing Program: Challenges, Successes and Lessons Learned	
	Sudden Sheltering/Community Mobilization	Planning for the Real World - Ten College	Mass Care WS	commo corrido	

May 15-20, 2011

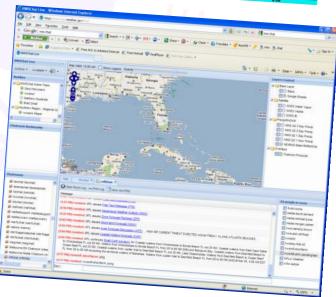


Key Tasks of NHC WCM



- Develop training plan and course for media
- Coordinates and develops table top hurricane exercise material for state and federal agencies
- Works with NWS WCMs and regions to improve NHC/WFO Watch/Warning coordination
- Works with international met services to improve forecast coordination







Other Tasks of NHC WCM



- Serves on team to improve NWS watch and warning collaboration
- Serves on NWS Assessment Teams
- Works with COMET on on-line hurricane preparedness module
- Participates in U.S. Hurricane Awareness Tour
- WORKS OPERATIONAL FORECAST SHIFTS FROM MAY 15 - NOVEMBER 30!









Difference Between WFO and NHC WCMs



- NHC Director and Deputy Director are the primary spokespersons for the center
 - At a WFO, the <u>WCM</u> and Meteorologist-In-Charge serve that role
- NHC WCM role is more of an Outreach Coordinator and Planner
- Coordinates with Federal and State partners more than local officials







"Battle is won (or lost) during the off-season..."



Highlights of annual NHC involvement:

- FEMA/NWS week-long Introduction to Hurricane Preparedness course for emergency managers (three courses), January-February
- U.S. Interdepartmental Hurricane Conference, March
- National Hurricane Conference, April
- World Meteorological Organization workshop for international meteorologists (2-week course at NHC), March
- Hurricane Awareness Tour (one week, alternating each year between U.S. Gulf and East Coasts), April or May
- Caribbean Hurricane Awareness Tour, April
- National Hurricane Preparedness Week, May
- State conferences
- Scientific conferences
 - Transition of new science from research into operations



Question #1 WCM Role



- When is the BEST time to get to know your core partners?



"Battle is won (or lost) during the off-season..."



- Main message: don't wait until a disaster to get to know the people your serve and work with
- This involves a continuous, year-long effort and engagement with key partners
- Battle is won (or lost) during the "off-season" (Max Mayfield)





Question #2 WCM Role



- Regarding weather outreach and education, what are your biggest challenges in reaching out to your community partners, residents, and visitors?

